

Level	Understanding FM Radio	
Middle School		
Time Required	Lesson Summary	
3 50-minute class periods (150 min.)	Students and adults alike listen to the radio with little thought as to what the FM and AM band numbers actually mean. This introductory activity will offer students some local context to radio frequency and extend their thinking to where those signals come from and how else they are used. Students will have a chance to tune a radio receiver and explore radio waves.	
Standards		
NGSS		
MS-PS4-1. Use mathematical representations to describe a simple model for waves that includes how the amplitude of a wave is related to the energy in a wave.		
MS-PS4-2. Develop and use a model to describe how waves are reflected, absorbed, or transmitted through various materials.		
MS-PS4-3. Integrate qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals are a more reliable way to encode and transmit information than analog signals.		
Vocabulary	Objectives	
FM: frequency modulation AM: amplitude modulation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Students will be able to explain the transmission of radio waves from a radio station• Students will be able to describe the basic concepts of how radio transmissions work, including what the number of a radio station represents.	
Materials		
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• An iPad, Chromebook, or any other device with internet access (this lesson works best in a 1:1 device classroom, but could also work with partners)• Headphones if students are working independently; listening space if working in small groups		

Pre-Requisites	
Students should have an introductory understanding of mechanical waves and the electromagnetic spectrum. Radio waves will be explored in greater detail.	
Safety Considerations	
Students may possibly be exposed to foul language when listening to radio stations.	
Pacing Notes	
Day 1 – introduction, instructions, start the hyper doc	
Day 2- Continued work on the document	
Day 3 - complete hyper doc, slide creation	
Before the Lesson	
This lesson would ideally fit within a unit of study on the electromagnetic spectrum where students have already been exposed to waves and the spectrum. If not, the PhET simulation and suggested activities at https://phet.colorado.edu/sims/html/waves-intro/latest/waves-intro_en.html would be a helpful introduction.	
Assessments	Classroom Instructions
Pre-Activity Assessments	Introduction
This should not be graded but rather used as a way to determine what they learned at the end of the activity.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> I. Student handout – Section A <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Students will start with a pre-assessment asking what they know about radio waves and for some basic information about their favorite radio station. b. After students have time to complete Part A, discuss the questions they generated as a class. Some possible questions that may arise (or in case you need to give examples): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What is the range of a radio station transmission? Why do I lose a station as I drive out of state? Who picks the numbers the station gets? What do those numbers (106.1, 93.3, 103.9) mean? How does a radio wave look different for two different radio stations?

	How does satellite radio work?
Activity Embedded Assessments	Activities
<p>All assessments are embedded in the hyperdoc</p> <p>Walk around while students are working and ask some of the following questions.</p> <p>What did you just read?</p> <p>Can you tell me more about what you wrote?</p> <p>Do you have any questions?</p> <p>What are you going to do next?</p> <p>What else do you need to know about that topic?</p> <p>Give me a summary of what you have done so far.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> I. The activity in this lesson is student-led. Hand out the document (or make it available on your LMS) and allow students to work at their own pace until the end of the third day when you should collect the page. The page contains the following sections. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Section A: Pre-assessment, Question Generating, and Discussion. b. Section B: Radio Station Virtual Tours. These tours are either 5-minute YouTube videos or Google Street View tours. Students will either need headphones or listening space to view them. c. Section C: Technical Details. Students will examine video and text to explain how FM radio works. d. Section D: Explore Some More. This section includes some more technical details to running a radio station like costs and includes a software-defined radio (SDR) receiver and a how-to guide to listening (question 23). You can give students a time limit for this part if time is limited, but this section will enable students to explore multiple radio bands using a receiver and look at the waterfall of radio waves. Students could spend a long time experimenting with this if interested. e. Section E: Answering Research Questions. Students will take time to answer either their initial questions from Section A or new questions they've developed along the way. This section should take approximately 20 minutes. f. Section F: The Final Project: Google Slide. Students create a one-pager (Google Slide) to share what they've learned with their classmates. You could have students share these Slides or copy and paste their single slides into one long slideshow to share with the class. g. Extension Activities. There are extension activities listed at the end for students who are interested in learning more and/or have extra time.
Post Activity Assessments	Closure
Collect and grade the document	Discuss the research students did to answer their own questions to close the lesson. In a class discussion, ask at least 3 students to share their questions and their answers. Other students may have had

similar questions and connecting their findings would be valuable for all learners.

Educator Resources

The how-to guide for using WebSDR can be found at <https://tinyurl.com/twentesdr> (Last accessed 4/12/23)

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Below is a list of the lesson titles included in the series. All lessons can be accessed from this web page, <https://superknova.org/educational-resources/>.

Middle School

Introduction to Satellites
Weather Predicting
Introduction to Radio Wave Communication
The Importance of Radio Astronomy
Cubesat Model Building
Understanding FM Radio
Radio Frequency Technology
Who Decides if You Get 5G?

High School

The Uses of Radio Waves and Frequency Allocation
Is Radio Technology Safe?
Diffraction of Radio Waves
Measuring Sea Surface Temperatures with Satellites
Marine Animal Tracking and Bathymetry
How to Design Your Own Crystal Radio
How Radio Waves Changed the World
Simple Wireless Communication
Seeing and Hearing the Invisible
Local Wireless Radio Frequency Communication
Investigating the Internet Connection
The Geometry of Radio Astronomy

Informal
Modeling Radio Astronomy

